

EC: 920-107-4 REACH: 01-2119453414-43 HYDROCARBONS, C12-C15, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS	GHS08 Dgr Asp. Tox 1, H304 EUH066	30 <= x % < 50
EC: 614-295-4 CAS : 68131-40-8 ALCOHOLS C11 - C15 SECONDARY ETHOXYLATED	GHS05 Dgr Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Dam. 1 - H318	10 <= x % < 20
CAS: 106-97-8 EC: 203-448-7 REACH: 01-2119474691-32-XXXX CAS: 74-98-6 EC: 200-827-9 REACH: 01-2119486944-21-XXX PROPELLANT : PROPANE BUTANE	GHS02 Dgr Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas, H280	30 <= x % < 50

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

Regardless of the initial state, refer the patient to an ophthalmologist and show him the label.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

In the event of swallowing :

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, do not allow to drink, do not induce vomiting and transfer to hospital immediately by ambulance. Show the label to the doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

Keep packages cool when in the vicinity of flames.

Suitable methods of extinction

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)

- carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

For first aid worker First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Retrieve the product by mechanical means (sweeping/vacuuming).

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Emergency showers and eye wash stations will be required in facilities where the mixture is handled constantly.

Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Never inhale this mixture.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Avoid eye contact with this mixture at all times.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from food and drink, including those for animals.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Product for NON DESTRUCTIVE TESTING

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

HYDROCARBURES, C11-C14, N-ALCANES, ISOALCANES, CYCLIQUES, <2% AROMATIQUES
VLEC = 1200mg/m ³

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Before handling powders or dust emission, wear mask goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Wear protective clothing against solid chemicals and particles suspended in the air (type 5) in accordance with standard EN13982-1/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

-Respiratory protection

Avoid inhaling dust.

Type of FFP mask :

Wear a disposable half-mask dust filter in accordance with standard EN149/A1.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid
Colour	Fluorescent Yellow Liquid
Density	0.89
Boiling point / boiling range	> 200°C
Autoignition Temperature	> 230°C
Flash point	> 93°C
Explosion hazards, lower explosion limit (%):	0.5%

Explosion hazards, upper explosion limit (%): 6.0%

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes No data available.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics No data available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid :

- heating
- heat
- formation of dusts

Dusts can form an explosive mixture with air.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

carbon monoxide (CO)

carbon dioxide (CO₂)

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

May have irreversible effects on the eyes, such as tissue damage in the eye, or serious physical decay of sight, which is not fully reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Serious eye damage is typified by the destruction of cornea, persistent corneal opacity and iritis.

Aspiration toxicity includes severe acute effects such as chemical pneumonia, varying degrees of pulmonary injury or death following aspiration.

11.1.1. Substances

HYDROCARBONS, C12-C15, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Acute Toxicity - oral	$DL_{50} > 5000\text{mg/kg}$ - rat
Acute Toxicity - dermal	$DL_{50} > 5000\text{mg/kg}$ - rabbit
Acute Toxicity - inhalation	$CL_{50} > 5000\text{mg/kg}$ (vapour) - rat
ALCOHOLS C11 - C15 SECONDARY ETHOXYLATED	
Acute Toxicity - oral	$DL_{50} > 3000\text{mg/kg}$ - rat
Acute Toxicity - dermal	$DL_{50} > 2000\text{mg/kg}$ - rabbit

11.2. Information on other hazards

Aspiration hazard :

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Aspiration toxicity includes severe acute effects such as chemical pneumonia, varying degrees of pulmonary injury or death following aspiration.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**12.1. Toxicity****12.1.2. Mixtures**

HYDROCARBONS, C12-C15, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

 LL_{50} - 96h = > 1000mg/l, *Oncorhynchus mykiss* - OECD 203 EL_{50} - 48h = > 1000mg/l, *Daphnia magna* - OECD 202**12.2. Persistence and degradability**

No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**14.1. UN number or ID number**

1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950 = AEROSOL, Flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

2.1

14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

No

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Classe	Code	Groupe	Etiquette	Ident.	QL	Dispo.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	1 L	190 327 344 625	E0	2	D
IMDG	Classe	2°Etiq	Groupe	QL	FS	Dispo.	EQ	Arrimage manutention	Séparation	
	2	See SP63	-	See SP277	F-D. S-U	63 190 277 327 344 381 959	E0	- SW1 SW22	SG69	
IATA	Classe	2°Etiq.	Groupe	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	2.1	-	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A145 A167 A802	E0	
	2.1	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A145 A167 A802	E0	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2021/643 (ATP 16)

EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2021/849 (ATP 17)

Container information:

No data available.

Particular provisions :

No data available.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Abbreviations :

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REACH : Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

SVHC : Substance of Very High Concern.